

$$(4) \left| \frac{2}{2-x} \right| \leq 4$$

$$\frac{2}{2-x} \leq 4 \quad \text{AND} \quad \frac{2}{2-x} \geq -4$$

$$\frac{2}{2-x} - 4 \leq 0$$

$$\frac{2}{2-x} + 4 \geq 0$$

$$\frac{2}{2-x} - \frac{8-4x}{2-x} \leq 0$$

$$\frac{2}{2-x} + \frac{8-4x}{2-x} \geq 0$$

$$\frac{-6-4x}{2-x} \leq 0$$

$$\frac{10-4x}{2-x} \geq 0$$

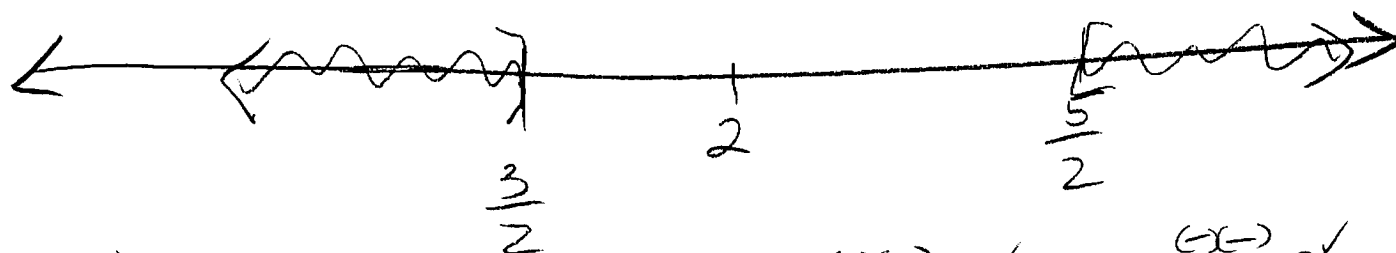
$$\frac{-2(3-2x)}{2-x} \leq 0$$

$$\text{CV } x = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$\text{CV } x = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$x = 2$$



$$\frac{-2(3-2x)}{2-x} \leq 0$$

$$\frac{(-)(+)}{(+)} \ominus \checkmark$$

$$\frac{(-)(-)}{(+)} \oplus \times$$

$$\frac{(-)(-)}{(-)} - \checkmark$$

$$\frac{(-)(-)}{(-)} - \checkmark$$

$$\text{AND}$$

$$\frac{10-4x}{2-x} \geq 0$$

$$\frac{(+)}{(+)} \oplus \checkmark$$

$$\frac{(+)}{(+)} \oplus \checkmark$$

$$\frac{(+)}{(-)} \ominus$$

$$\frac{(-)}{(-)} + \checkmark$$

$$\left(-\infty, \frac{3}{2}\right] \cup \left[\frac{5}{2}, \infty\right)$$

$$\textcircled{5} \left| \frac{5-5p}{p+2} \right| > 0$$

$$\frac{5-5p}{p+2} > 0 \quad \text{OR} \quad \frac{5-5p}{p+2} < 0$$

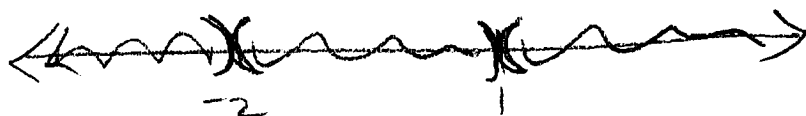
$$\therefore \frac{5-5p}{p+2} \neq 0$$

$$5-5p \neq 0$$

$$-5p \neq -5$$

$$p \neq 1$$

$$p \neq -2$$



$$(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$$

$$\textcircled{6} |x^2 - 8| \geq 7$$

$$x^2 - 8 \geq 7 \quad \text{OR} \quad x^2 - 8 \leq -7$$

$$x^2 - 15 \geq 0$$

$$x \geq \pm \sqrt{15}$$

$$x^2 - 1 \leq 0$$

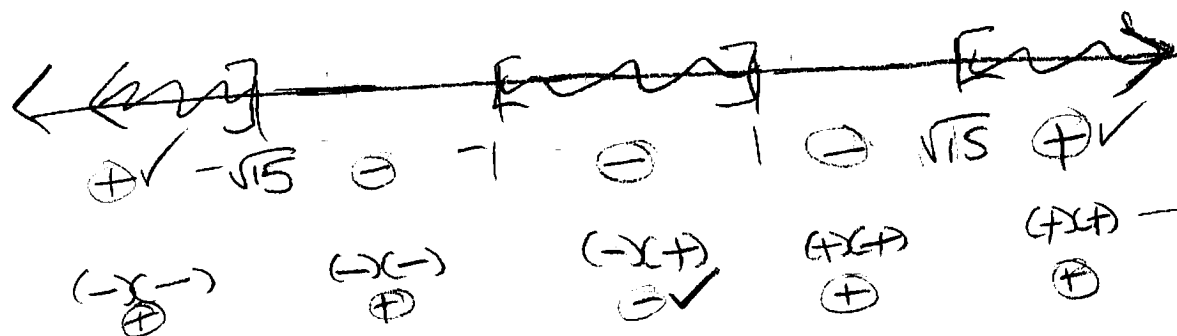
$$(x-1)(x+1) \leq 0$$

OR

$$x = 1$$

$$x = -1$$

$$(-\infty, -\sqrt{15}] \cup [1, 1] \cup [\sqrt{15}, \infty)$$



⑦ $|x^2 - 2x| \leq 8$

$x^2 - 2x \leq 8$

$x^2 - 2x - 8 \leq 0$

$(x-4)(x+2) \leq 0$

CV $x=4$

$x=-2$

AND $x^2 - 2x \geq -8$

$x^2 - 2x + 8 \geq 0$

$a=1 \quad b=-2 \quad c=8$

$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4(1)(8)}}{2}$

$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{-28}}{2}$

No CV
Test 0
ALWAYS TRUE

$[-2, 4]$



$(x-4)(x+2) \leq 0$

$(x+2) \leq 0$

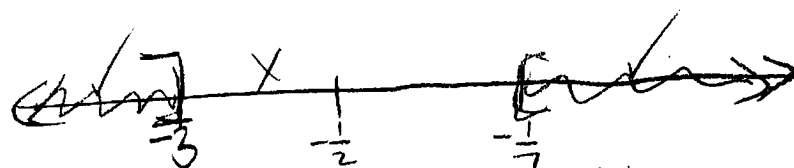
$(x-4) \leq 0$

$x^2 - 2x + 8 \geq 0$
Always true

$(x-4)(x+2) \leq 0$

⑧ $|3x-1| \leq 2|2x+1|$ create your own rational Abs. Ineq.

$\left| \frac{3x-1}{2x+1} \right| \leq 2$



$\frac{3x-1}{2x+1} \leq 2$

AND $\frac{3x-1}{2x+1} \geq -2$

$\frac{(+)}{(-)} \leq 0$

$\frac{(-)}{(-)} \geq 0$

$\frac{(-)}{(+)} \leq 0$

$\frac{(+)}{(+)} \geq 0$

$\frac{-x^2}{2x+1} \leq 0$

$\frac{3x-1}{2x+1} - \frac{4x+2}{2x+1} \leq 0$

$\frac{3x-1}{2x+1} + \frac{4x+2}{2x+1} \geq 0$

$\frac{(+)}{(+)} \leq 0$

$\frac{(-)}{(-)} \leq 0$

$\frac{(-)}{(+)} \leq 0$

$\frac{(+)}{(+)} \leq 0$

$\frac{7x+1}{2x+1} \geq 0$

$\frac{-x-3}{2x+1} \leq 0$

$\frac{7x+1}{2x+1} \geq 0$

CV $x=-3$

$x=-\frac{1}{2}$

CV $x=-\frac{1}{7}$

$x=-\frac{1}{2}$

Does $-\frac{1}{2}$ belong? No

$|3(-\frac{1}{2})-1| \leq 2|2(-\frac{1}{2})+1|$

$\frac{5}{2} \leq 2(0) \leftarrow \text{Not true statement}$

$(-\infty, 3] \cup [\frac{1}{7}, \infty)$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad |2x-3| \geq |x+6|$$

$$\left| \frac{2x-3}{x+6} \right| \geq 1$$

$$\frac{2x-3}{x+6} \geq 1 \quad \text{OR} \quad \frac{2x-3}{x+6} \leq -1$$

$$\frac{2x-3}{x+6} - \frac{x+6}{x+6} \geq 0 \quad \frac{2x-3}{x+6} + \frac{x+6}{x+6} \leq 0$$

$$\frac{x-9}{x+6} \geq 0$$

$$\frac{3x+3}{x+6} \leq 0$$

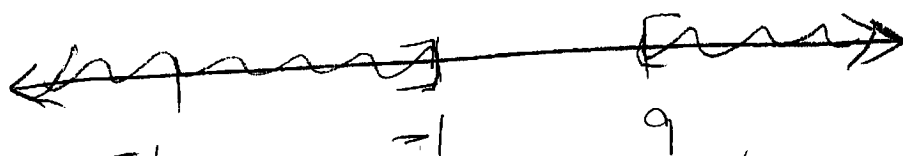
$$\text{CV } x=9$$

$$x=-6$$

$$\text{CV } x=-1$$

$$x=-6$$

$$(-\infty, -1] \cup [9, \infty)$$



$$\begin{array}{c} (-) \\ (-) \end{array} \checkmark$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (-) \\ (+) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (-) \\ (+) \end{array}$$

$$\checkmark \begin{array}{c} (+) \\ (+) \end{array}$$

$$\frac{x-9}{x+6} \geq 0$$

OR

$$\begin{array}{c} (-) \\ (-) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (-) \\ (+) \end{array} \checkmark$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (+) \\ (+) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (+) \\ (+) \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3x+3}{x+6} \leq 0$$

check if -6 belongs because you created the rational abs value by dividing both sides by $|x+6|$

$$|2x-3| \stackrel{?}{\geq} |x+6|$$

$$|2(-6)-3| \stackrel{?}{\geq} |-6+6|$$

$$|-12-3| \geq |0|$$

$15 \geq 0$ True Statement

Yes -6 belongs

Worksheet Abs Val (6)

Ineq Continued

(10) $\frac{1}{|x-4|} < \frac{1}{|x+7|}$

$$|x-4| > |x+7|$$

$$\left| \frac{x-4}{x+7} \right| > 1$$

$$\frac{x-4}{x+7} > 1 \quad \underline{\text{OR}} \quad \frac{x-4}{x+7} < -1$$

$$\frac{x-4}{x+7} - \frac{x+7}{x+7} > 0 \quad \frac{x-4}{x+7} + \frac{x+7}{x+7} < 0$$

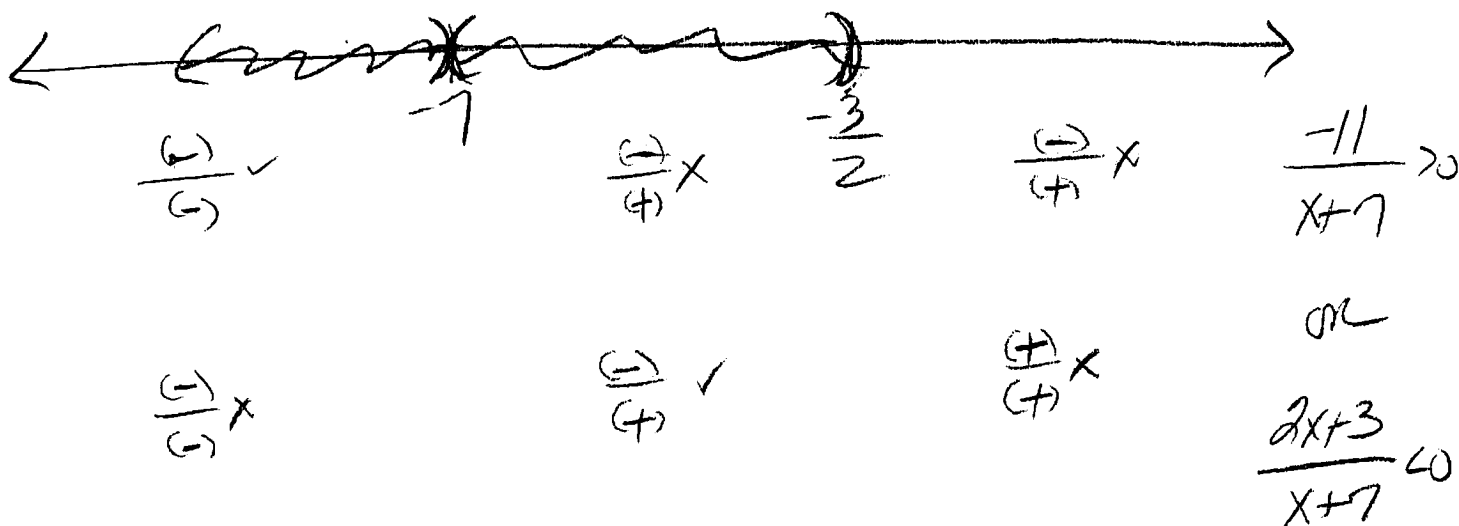
$$\frac{-11}{x+7} > 0 \quad \underline{\text{OR}} \quad \frac{2x+3}{x+7} < 0$$

$$CV = x = -7$$

$$CV = x = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$x = -7$$

$$(-\infty, -7) \cup (-7, -\frac{3}{2})$$



-7 does not belong.